



# IOOF

Guide to your IDPS annual tax statement  
Tax Guide 2022

# About this guide

If you have an investment in any of our investor directed portfolio services (IDPS) you and your tax adviser may use this Guide to help complete your tax return for the year ended 30 June 2022.

The information in this Guide applies to you if:

- you were an individual Australian resident taxpayer during the year ended 30 June 2022 and
- you hold these investments for long term investment purposes, such that they are treated on capital account for Australian taxation purpose.

This guide is not intended for use by those:

- with investments held in the name of a company, trust, superannuation fund or partnership;
- who hold their investments on revenue account; or
- who are non-residents for Australian taxation purposes.

## Important information

This Guide has been prepared by IOOF Investment Services Ltd ABN 80 007 350 405, AFS Licence No. 230703 (IISL) and contains **basic general taxation information**. IISL is not a **registered tax agent** and this information is not a substitute for tax advice or instructions from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). You should consider the appropriateness of this information, having regard to your individual circumstances. Australian taxation laws are complex and we recommend you seek taxation advice from a registered tax agent or registered tax (financial) adviser before making any decision based on the information contained in this Guide. The information in this Guide is given in good faith and has been prepared based on information that is believed to be accurate and reliable at the time of publication, no warranty of completeness or accuracy is given.

## The purpose of this guide

The primary purpose of this Guide is to help individual taxpayers to record the information from their tax statement onto their *Individual Tax Return 2022*, including the *Tax return for individuals (supplementary section) 2022*. Although this Guide has not been prepared for non-individual taxpayers, a section on capital gains tax (CGT) discount rates has been provided at the end of this Guide to help those taxpayers complete their respective tax returns.

You should have received an Annual Tax Statement (ATS) for each IDPS account you have with us. The ATS is a record of your present entitlement to income and/or income attributed to you from your investment in the IDPS during the financial year ended on 30 June 2022. It also details capital gains or losses realised on the sale of your holdings (where relevant).

You should refer to your ATS when completing your tax return. If capital gain amounts are disclosed on your ATS, you may need to refer to the ATO publication *Personal Investors Guide to Capital Gains Tax 2022* for further guidance.

On your ATS, we have indicated the amounts should be included in your tax return. Each component of your distribution is explained in this Guide.

## Your tax return and your ATS

In your tax return, you must declare income that you became presently entitled and/or attributed to during the financial year ended 30 June 2022. You are required to include these income distributions in your tax return even if you have received your distribution payment after 30 June 2022.

In addition, special rules apply in relation to franking credits attached to Australian franked dividends and/or foreign income tax offsets in respect to foreign tax paid on foreign income and foreign capital gains.

Expenses that relate to earning your income may be tax deductible and may be claimed on your tax return.

## Guide to completing your tax return:

- All amounts are expressed in Australian currency.
- To begin completing your individual tax return, you should obtain copies of the following ATO forms and publications:
  - *Tax return for individuals 2022*
  - *Tax return for individuals (supplementary section) 2022*
  - *Individual tax return instructions 2022*
  - *Individual tax return instructions supplement 2022*
  - *Guide to foreign income tax offset rules 2022*
  - *Guide to capital gains tax 2022* or the shorter version *Personal investors guide to capital gains tax 2022*
  - *You and your shares 2022*
  - *Foreign income return form guide 2022*
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- The labels displayed in Part A of this Guide are taken from the ATO Tax return for individuals and ATO Tax return for individuals (supplementary section) 2022.
- If the amounts the Trust(s) distributed/attributed included capital gains or franking credits, you should also refer to these ATO publications:
  - *Guide to capital gains tax 2022 or the abridged version Personal investors guide to capital gains tax 2022* and
  - *You and your shares 2022*.

If you have received income from other investments during the financial year you will need to combine the information from those investments with the information we have provided in this Guide.

## Regulatory reporting – Foreign Residents

Please note:

- if you are a US citizen or resident, we are required to report your income to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS), the revenue service of the United States of America; and
- if you are a foreign resident (other than a US citizen or resident), we are required to report your income to your country's tax authorities via the ATO.

Your tax statement is divided into three parts:

## Part A – Tax return information (supplementary section)

The amounts reported in Part A of the ATS correspond to the description and labels on the *Tax return for individuals and Tax return for individuals (supplementary section) 2022*. If you do not have income from other sources relevant to these tax return disclosures and labels, transfer the amounts from Part A of this Guide to the corresponding tax return description and label to complete your tax return.

Below is a brief explanation of each label disclosed in Part A of the ATS:

### 1. Label 11S – Dividends – unfranked amount

This amount represents the total of unfranked dividends (including any tax file number (TFN) amounts withheld from unfranked dividends) that have been paid or credited to your account from direct investments in Australian companies.

### 2. Label 11T – Dividends – franked amount

This amount represents the total franked dividends that have been paid or credited to your account from direct investments in Australian companies.

### 3. Label 11U – Dividends – franking credit

This is the amount of franking credits attached to franked dividends from direct investments in Australian companies.

Franking credits are amounts of tax paid by the Australian company that are allocated to your dividend. This amount is an Australian tax credit that you may be entitled to claim to reduce your Australian tax liability, subject to you satisfying the 'holding period rule'.

Refer to the ATO publication *You and your shares 2022* for further information on the 'holding period rule'.

### 4. Label 11V – TFN amounts withheld from dividends

This amount is the withholding tax that has been deducted from the amounts of dividends you received where you have not provided your TFN or ABN or claimed an exemption to provide the TFN/ABN for your investment in the IDPS. Tax is deducted at the top marginal tax rate.

## 5. Label D8H – Dividend deduction

If you received a dividend from a listed investment company (LIC) and the dividend included an LIC capital gain amount, you are entitled to an income tax deduction of 50% of the LIC capital gain amount. This tax deduction is shown separately in the tax return under label D8H. If you are not an individual investor you will need to adjust this tax deduction to the appropriate CGT discount rate, in reference to your investor type.

## 6. Label 13U – Share of net income from trusts, less capital gains, foreign income and franked distributions

This amount is the sum of interest, unfranked dividends, other Australian income, or non-concessional MIT income (NCMI), excluded from NCMI and Clean Building MIT (CBM) income that has been paid, credited or attributed to you from your investment in managed investment trusts (MIT) and/or Attribution managed investment trusts (AMIT). It excludes the amount of capital gains, foreign income and franked distributions from trusts.

Any deductible expenses you may incurred in relation to this income are entered at label 13Y.

## 7. Label 13C – Franked distributions from trusts

This amount is your share of franked dividends and franking credits (the franking credit 'gross up') that have been paid or credited to your account from your investment in MITs and/or AMITs.

## 8. Label 13Q – Share of franking credit from franked dividends

This amount includes your share of franking credits referable to the franked distributions disclosed at label 13C. Franking credits represent the credits for the tax that an Australian company has already paid on its earnings. Your entitlement to claim franking credits as a franking tax offset to reduce your Australian tax liability will be conditional upon you satisfying the 'holding period rule'.

For further information on the 'holding period rule', you should consult the ATO publication *You and your shares 2022*.

## 9. Label 13R – Share of credit for tax file number (TFN) amounts withheld from interest, dividends, and unit trust distributions

This is the withholding tax amount that has been deducted from your share of distributions where you have not provided your TFN or claimed an exemption to provide the TFN for your investment in the MITs and/or AMITs. Tax is deducted at the highest marginal tax rate.

## 10. Label 13Y – Other deductions relating to distributions

This is the amount of deductible expenses that were charged to your account during the financial year. The amount deducted should be separately disclosed at label 13Y. Please note that there are expenses that were incurred but may not be immediately deductible. Please refer to the IDPS Guide for more information on the general tax treatment of the expenses.

If you have incurred additional deductible expenses in relation to your distribution income (and not recorded in this ATS), these additional expenses should also be included at this label.

## 11. Label 13A – Share of credit for foreign resident withholding amounts (excluding capital gains)

This is the credit for amounts of tax withheld due to the imposition of non-resident withholding tax or managed investment trust withholding tax you received as an Australian resident. The credits may also be in respect of Australian income you have received as a foreign resident, or credits arising from tax withheld from your investment in the managed investment trust (MIT) and/or attribution MIT (AMIT) due to the operation of the foreign resident withholding rules. Like other tax credits, the credits for foreign resident withholding amounts may be able to be offset against your Australian tax liability from your taxable income.

## 12. Label 18H – Total current year capital gains

This amount is the sum of all capital gains received from MITs and/or AMITs and capital gains arising from the sale of your holdings in the investment, without applying the capital gains tax (CGT) discount. This amount also includes any foreign net capital gains and any foreign tax on foreign net capital gains (if applicable). For a detailed explanation on capital gains, please refer to the Capital Gains Tax section of this Guide.

### 13. Label 18A – Net capital gain

This amount is the net capital gain relating to both distributed capital gains and realised capital gains from the sale and/or redemption of your holdings in the investment, after applying current year and/or prior year capital losses and the relevant CGT discount. The items making up this amount are detailed in Part B of your ATS.

Capital gains or losses derived from other investments will also need to be taken into account in working out the amount disclosed at label 18A. The amount disclosed at label 18A will need to be adjusted to include these additional capital gains or losses. If there are current year and/or prior year capital losses, you are required to offset these capital losses against gross (i.e. undiscounted) capital gains before calculating the amount of discounted capital gains. The discount rate that has been applied to your discounted capital gains is located at 'Information for Investors' of this Guide, with reference to your entity type on your ATS.

Refer to the ATO publications *Guide to capital gains tax 2022* and *Personal investors guide to capital gains tax 2022* for further information about capital gains.

### 14. Label 19K – Foreign entities – CFC income

This amount is the income and gains of foreign companies to which you hold a direct or indirect controlling interest. Refer to the ATO publication *Foreign income return form guide 2022* for further information on Controlled Foreign Company (CFC) measures.

### 15. Label 20E – Assessable foreign source income

This amount includes assessable foreign dividends, foreign interest and any other assessable foreign income (including foreign tax offsets on income not already shown) distributed and/or attributed from the Trust's direct or indirect overseas investments. However, the amount excludes foreign net capital gains (which should be included at labels 18H and 18A).

If you derived assessable foreign income or losses from other sources, you may need to adjust the above amounts to include this additional foreign income and loss.

Refer to the ATO publication *Individual tax return instructions supplement 2022* for further detailed instructions.

### 16. Label 20M – Other net foreign source income

This amount is your assessable foreign source income at label 20E reduced by your foreign income deductible expenses.

If you have no foreign income deductible expenses, the amount at label 20M will be the same as label 20E.

Refer to the ATO publication *Individual tax return instructions supplement 2022* for further detailed instructions.

### 17. Label 20O – Foreign income tax offsets

This amount is your share of foreign income tax offsets (FITO) attached to the assessable foreign source income. FITO represents the amount of foreign tax paid on foreign source income and foreign capital gains received from foreign investments. The amount of assessable foreign source income provided at label 20E are grossed up to include FITO. You are required to also show the FITO separately at this label.

If your FITO from all sources for the financial year is no more than \$1,000 you can claim this amount in full.

Otherwise, if you are claiming more than \$1,000 you should refer to the ATO publication *Guide to foreign income tax offset rules 2022* to work out your entitlement. In such situations, your actual FITO entitlement will depend on your individual circumstances, taking into account all of your foreign income and expenses.

### 18. Label 20F – Australian franking credits from a New Zealand franking company

This amount is the Australian franking credits distributed by New Zealand resident companies that had chosen to join the Australian imputation system and distribute assessable franked dividends. The franked dividend from the New Zealand franking company that paid the Australian franking credits is disclosed at label 20E.

To check your eligibility to claim the Australian franking credits from a New Zealand franking company, please refer to the ATO publication *You and your shares 2022*.

### 19. Label 24V – Other income

This amount refers to any fee refunds and good value claim(s) applied to your account during the financial year. This amount will increase the amount of income distributed to you from your investment in the IDPS.

## Part B – Distribution components and capital gain/loss on the sale of holdings

This section of your ATS explains the components of income distributed and/or attributed and the capital gain/loss arising from the sale of your holdings in the investment. Information pertaining to other income and other deductions relating to distributions is provided for your reference and is not covered any further in this Guide. You may need to consult the additional information in this Part of the ATS in order to complete your tax return.

### Investments in Australian companies

Income from investments in Australian companies is comprised of franked and unfranked dividends. Franked dividends include franking credit which represents the amount of tax paid by the issuing company. This franking credit may be available to you as a refundable tax offset.

### Investments in trusts

Investments in trusts show the distribution of non-primary production income that has been paid or credited to your account from your investments in Australian unit trusts. Non-primary production income consists of franked and unfranked dividends, interest, other Australian income, non-concessional MIT income (NCMI), excluded from NCMI and Clean Building MIT income. In summary, it is the sum of the amount at label 13U (non-primary production income) and label 13C (franked distributions from trust). The information on franked dividend and franking credits may assist you in completing the *Application for refund of franking credits for individuals 2022* (if applicable).

Distributions from property trusts are shown as other Australian income.

### Capital gains

#### Discounted capital gains

These are capital gains that are eligible for the CGT discount. The CGT discount is generally only available where the asset has been held for 12 months or more. The amount of discounted capital gain distributed is shown in the 'Cash Distribution' column, whereas the amount assessable for tax purposes is shown in the 'Taxable/Attribution amount' column. The non-taxable portion of the discounted capital gain for MITs and any other additional cash distributed in relation to discounted capital gains are recorded as 'Other capital gains distribution'.

The discount rate applied in calculating your discounted capital gains is located in the 'Information for Investors' section of this Guide, with reference to your entity type.

For non-resident individual investors, please note until 8 May 2012, the CGT discount of 50% was available to non-resident individual investors who were subject to capital gains tax on taxable Australian property. For assets acquired after 8 May 2012, this discount is generally not available to non-resident individual investors. Further information is available at the ATO publication *Guide to capital gains tax 2022*.

#### Indexed capital gains

These gains have been calculated under the frozen indexed cost base method and the entire amount is fully assessable for tax purposes.

#### Other capital gains

These gains arise from the disposal of assets within 12 months of acquisition. The entire amount of the gain is fully assessable for tax purposes.

#### TAP and NTAP capital gains

For Australian resident investors, the classification of capital gains between taxable Australian property (TAP) and non-TAP (NTAP) can be disregarded for the purposes of completing your tax return.

Non-resident investors for Australian tax purposes are only subject to capital gains tax on assets classified as TAP assets. Accordingly, non-resident investors are not subject to withholding tax on capital gains arising from disposals of capital assets classified as NTAP assets.

We suggest that you seek professional advice from your tax adviser in relation to your capital gains obligations and any other assistance that you may require.

### Foreign income

For Australian resident investors, the income you receive from an overseas source must be included in your tax return. Foreign capital gains are not included here, rather these amounts are disclosed at gross and net capital gains (labels 18H and 18A).

If you are a non-resident investor, the foreign income distributed to you may not be assessable in Australia. We suggest you seek professional taxation advice regarding your Australian tax obligations in respect of the foreign income you have received or attributed to you.

## Non-assessable amounts

For MITs, the non-assessable amounts consist of tax-free income, tax deferred, return of capital, net exempt income, non-assessable non-exempt (NANE) income and other capital gains distribution that have been distributed to you from Australian unit trusts. NANE income is not assessable for tax purposes (i.e. effectively tax-free income) and tax losses are unaffected. Excluding NANE income, these non-assessable amounts may reduce the cost base or reduced cost base of the units held in the MIT and you may be required to include this in your tax return.

For AMITs, the non-assessable amounts refer to other non-attributable amounts, net exempt income and NANE income that have been distributed to you. While these amounts are not assessable to you in the year ended 30 June 2022, these amounts may require an adjustment to the cost base of the units held in the AMIT. The other non-attributable amounts may include tax-free amount, tax deferred amount and return of capital.

## Withholding Tax

### TFN amounts withheld

This tax is withheld at the highest marginal tax rate when a Tax File Number (TFN) or a TFN exemption has not been provided to us.

### Non-resident taxes withheld

The tax withheld from interest, unfranked dividend, Australian sourced income, and capital gains TAP paid to non-resident investors.

## Capital gains and losses on the sale of your holdings in the investment

The 'Realised capital gains/losses – summary by investment option' report provides additional information on the capital gains and losses realised from the sale and/or redemption of your holdings in the investments during the financial year. This capital gains and losses information is summarised and disclosed at 'Capital gain/loss details on the sale of holdings', Part B of the ATS. In addition, these capital gains and losses have been added to the amount of capital gains distributed by the Trusts (MITs and AMITs), and this total is disclosed as gross capital gains at label 18A in Part A of the ATS. Should you have capital gains or losses from other sources or prior year carried forward capital losses, you will need to include these additional capital gains or losses when determining your overall CGT position.

## Details of Distributed Trust Income for the financial year

This section provides investors with a details breakdown of income disclosed in part A and part B of the tax statement for the current tax year on an asset by asset basis. The AMIT cost base net increase/decrease information from an AMIT are provided in this section.

### AMIT cost base adjustments net amount

This represents the difference between cash distributions and other entitlements from an AMIT to the amount of income attributed to you. The difference may be a positive amount or a negative amount, which effectively increases or reduces the cost base of your units in the AMIT.

### AMIT cost base net amount – net increase

This occurs when the amount of cash distribution, other entitlements and tax offsets from an AMIT are less than the assessable and NANE amount attributed to you.

The increase in the cost base and reduced cost base (as applicable) of your units by the amount of AMIT cost base net amount – net increase is reflected in the column 'Acquisition cost' of the "Realised capital gains/losses – detail by investment option report".

### AMIT cost base net amount – net reduction

This occurs when the amount of cash distribution, other entitlements and tax offsets from an AMIT are more than the assessable and NANE amount attributed to you.

The reduction in the cost base and reduced cost base (as applicable) of your units by the amount of AMIT cost base net amount – net decrease is reflected in the column 'Acquisition cost' of the 'Realised capital gains/losses – detail by investment option report'.

A capital gain may also arise if the amount of AMIT cost base net amount – net decrease is greater than your original cost base of your units in the AMIT.

## Other information for investors

### Capital gains tax discount rates

The table below provides the CGT discount rates used to calculate the amount of discounted capital gains according to the entity type listed on your ATS.

Entity	Discount rate %
Company	0.00
Individual	50.00
Partnership <sup>1</sup>	50.00
Superannuation fund	33.33
Trust	50.00

<sup>1</sup> This assumes the partner of the partnership is an individual and therefore is entitled to the 50% CGT discount



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