

**IOOF CASH MANAGEMENT TRUST
ARSN 105 788 501
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED
30 JUNE 2021**

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**IOOF CASH MANAGEMENT TRUST
DIRECTORS' REPORT
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

The Directors of IOOF Investment Services Limited, the Responsible Entity of the IOOF Cash Management Trust, present this report together with the financial statements of the IOOF Cash Management Trust ('the Scheme'), for the year ended 30 June 2021 and the auditor's report thereon.

Principal activities

The Scheme is a registered managed investment scheme domiciled in Australia.

The investment objective is as disclosed in the current Product Disclosure Statement and in accordance with the provisions of the Scheme's Constitution.

The Scheme did not have any employees during the year (2020:Nil).

Responsible Entity

The following persons held office as Directors of IOOF Investment Services Limited during the year and up to the date of this report:

Ms D.G Allen (Chairman)

Ms M.A Nunan

Mr J. Selak

Review of operations

During the year, the Scheme continued to invest in accordance with target asset allocations as set out in the governing documents of the Scheme and in accordance with the provisions of the Scheme's Constitution.

Results

The performance of the Scheme, as represented by the results of its operations, was as follows:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	\$	\$
Total Comprehensive Income	12,923,643	40,563,894
Distributions paid and payable to unitholders	(12,918,195)	(40,425,652)
Transfers (to)/from net assets attributable to unitholders/Total comprehensive income	<u>(5,448)</u>	<u>(138,242)</u>
Profit/(loss) for the year	<u><u>-</u></u>	<u><u>-</u></u>

Distributions

Distributions paid and payable

Class A

	Year ended	
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	\$	\$
31 July	47,828	186,017
31 August	42,158	161,519
30 September	33,412	133,362
31 October	37,161	122,838
30 November	16,808	120,709
31 December	11,648	110,715
31 January	11,108	118,045
28 February	15,381	112,937
31 March	10,728	109,084
30 April	5,146	65,117
31 May	1,194	52,842
30 June final payable	<u>76</u>	<u>46,129</u>
	<u><u>232,648</u></u>	<u><u>1,339,314</u></u>

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	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	\$	\$
Class B		
31 July	-	252,626
31 August	-	233,234
30 September	-	170,090
31 October	-	132,849
30 November	-	115,233
31 December	-	89,969
31 January	-	111,480
28 February	-	119,121
31 March	-	96,312
	<u>-</u>	<u>1,320,914</u>
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	\$	\$
Class C		
31 July	1,638,882	4,104,626
31 August	1,629,559	4,014,988
30 September	1,397,525	3,477,457
31 October	1,679,301	3,375,696
30 November	1,309,932	3,359,392
31 December	754,576	2,954,207
31 January	750,330	2,935,572
28 February	835,632	2,866,162
31 March	629,931	2,700,609
30 April	510,423	1,893,512
31 May	539,889	1,768,013
30 June final payable	471,195	1,608,719
	<u>12,147,175</u>	<u>35,058,953</u>
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	\$	\$
Class D		
31 July	105,990	365,022
31 August	98,839	324,020
30 September	79,716	244,145
31 October	90,877	244,406
30 November	35,348	238,942
31 December	26,925	239,762
31 January	31,372	244,720
28 February	38,576	241,597
31 March	19,922	224,768
30 April	10,807	135,467
31 May	-	113,797
30 June final payable	-	89,825
	<u>538,372</u>	<u>2,706,471</u>

**IOOF CASH MANAGEMENT TRUST
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Distributions	30 June 2021 Annualised Rate %	30 June 2020 Annualised Rate %
Class A		
31 July	0.31	1.75
31 August	0.39	1.87
30 September	0.32	1.34
31 October	0.35	0.73
30 November	0.29	1.15
31 December	0.13	1.22
31 January	0.13	1.22
28 February	0.29	2.63
31 March	0.06	1.10
30 April	0.08	0.82
31 May	0.07	0.52
30 June final payable	0.19	0.60
	<u>2.61</u>	<u>14.95</u>
	30 June 2021 Annualised Rate %	30 June 2020 Annualised Rate %
Class B		
31 July	-	1.11
31 August	-	1.23
30 September	-	0.70
31 October	-	0.09
30 November	-	0.51
31 December	-	0.58
31 January	-	0.58
28 February	-	1.99
31 March	-	0.46
	<u>-</u>	<u>7.25</u>
	30 June 2021 Annualised Rate %	30 June 2020 Annualised Rate %
Class C		
31 July	0.61	2.05
31 August	0.69	2.17
30 September	0.62	1.64
31 October	0.65	1.03
30 November	0.59	1.45
31 December	0.43	1.52
31 January	0.43	1.52
28 February	0.59	2.93
31 March	0.36	1.40
30 April	0.38	1.12
31 May	0.37	0.82
30 June final payable	0.49	0.90
	<u>6.21</u>	<u>18.55</u>

**IOOF CASH MANAGEMENT TRUST
DIRECTORS' REPORT
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	CPU	CPU
Class D		
31 July	0.03	0.14
31 August	0.03	0.12
30 September	0.02	0.09
31 October	0.03	0.09
30 November	0.01	0.09
31 December	0.01	0.09
31 January	0.01	0.09
28 February	0.01	0.09
31 March	0.01	0.08
30 April	0.01	0.05
31 May	-	0.04
30 June final payable	-	0.03
	<u>0.17</u>	<u>1.00</u>

Performance

The table below demonstrates the performance of the Scheme as represented by the total return per annum, which is calculated as the aggregation of the percentage capital growth and percentage distribution of income. The total return per annum calculated after fees is shown for the past two years to 30 June and assumes that all distributions were re-invested during that period. The comparison to benchmark performance for the two years to 30 June is also shown below:

	2021	2020
	%	%
Capital growth	<u>0.19</u>	<u>1.07</u>
Total return	<u>0.19</u>	<u>1.07</u>
Benchmark - Bloomberg AusBond Bank Bill Index	<u>0.06</u>	<u>0.85</u>

Consistent with our statements in the current Product Disclosure Statement, future performance is not guaranteed. Investors should exercise care in using past performance as a predictor of future performance.

Indirect Cost Ratio

The costs are calculated on the net asset value of the Scheme and are deducted from the assets of the Scheme. The costs are accrued daily and paid monthly and are incorporated into the daily unit prices of the Scheme. The indirect cost ratio calculation includes investment management fees charged to the Scheme during the financial year, including those charged by the Responsible Entity directly for the management of the assets.

The indirect cost ratio of the Scheme is shown in the following table:

Class A	2021	2020
	%	%
Indirect Cost Ratio	0.30	0.30
Class B	2021	2020
	%	%
Indirect Cost Ratio	0.68	0.91
Class D	2021	2020
	%	%
Indirect Cost Ratio	0.30	0.30

IOOF CASH MANAGEMENT TRUST DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Significant changes in the state of affairs

Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic impacts:

The existence of COVID-19 has resulted in significant volatility in global and domestic financial markets. As at the reporting date, there is still significant uncertainty on the likely duration and the ultimate impact COVID-19 will have on world economies.

IOOF Investment Services Limited continues to operate the Scheme in accordance with the provisions of each Scheme's Constitution and no other matter or circumstances has arisen during the period that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect:

- (i) the operations of the Scheme;
- (ii) the results of those operations; or
- (iii) the state of affairs of the Scheme.

Other than the above, there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Scheme.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

No significant event has occurred since the end of the reporting period which would impact on the financial position of the Scheme disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2021 or on the results and cash flows of the Schemes for the year ended on that date.

Likely developments and expected results of operations

The Scheme will continue to be managed in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the governing documents of the Scheme and in accordance with the provisions of the Scheme's Constitution.

The results of the Scheme's operations will be affected by a number of factors, including the performance of markets in which the Scheme invests. Investment performance is not guaranteed and future returns may differ from past returns. As investment conditions change over time, past returns should not be used to predict future returns.

Further information on likely developments in the operations of the Scheme and the expected results of those operations have not been included in this report because the Responsible Entity believes it would be likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Scheme.

Indemnification and insurance of officers and auditor

There is a Directors' and Officers' insurance policy which indemnifies the Directors and Officers of IOOF Investment Services Limited against liabilities to persons outside IOOF Investment Services Limited that arise out of the performance of their normal duties. The premiums have not been paid for out of the assets of the Scheme. The auditor of the Scheme is in no way indemnified out of the assets of the Scheme.

Fees paid to and interests held in the Scheme by the Responsible Entity or its Related Parties

Details of fees paid to the Responsible Entity during the financial year are disclosed in Note 5 Related party transactions of the financial statements.

No fees were paid out of the Scheme's property to the Directors of the Responsible Entity during the year.

The interests in the Scheme held by the Responsible Entity or its related parties during the financial year are disclosed in Note 5 Related party transactions of the financial statements.

Interests in the Scheme

The basis for valuation of the Scheme's assets is disclosed in Note 2 Summary of significant accounting policies of the financial statements.

Details of movements in net assets attributable to unitholders and total units on issue are disclosed in Note 7 Net assets attributable to unitholders of the financial statements.

Environmental regulation

The operations of the Scheme are not subject to any significant environmental regulation under a Commonwealth, State or Territory law.

**IOOF CASH MANAGEMENT TRUST
DIRECTORS' REPORT
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

Lead auditor's independence declaration

The lead auditor's independence declaration, as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001*, is set out on Page 9 and forms part of the Directors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2021.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors of IOOF Investment Services Limited.

On behalf of the Directors,



Ms D.G Allen
Director

Melbourne, 27 September 2021



Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

To the Directors of IOOF Investment Services Limited

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit of IOOF Cash Management Trust for the financial year ended 30 June 2021 there have been:

- i. no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- ii. no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

KPMG

David Kells

Partner

Sydney

27 September 2021



Independent Auditor's Report

To the unitholders of IOOF Cash Management Trust

Opinion

We have audited the **Financial Report** of IOOF Cash Management Trust (the Scheme).

In our opinion, the accompanying **Financial Report** of the Scheme is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including

- giving a true and fair view of the Scheme's financial position as at 30 June 2021, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year ended on that date; and
- complying with *Australian Accounting Standards* and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

The **Financial Report** comprises the:

- Statement of financial position as at 30 June 2021;
- Statement of comprehensive income, Statement of changes in equity, and Statement of cash flows for the year then ended;
- Notes including a summary of significant accounting policies; and
- Directors' Declaration.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards*. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report* section of our report.

We are independent of the Scheme in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and the relevant ethical requirements of the *Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code). We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

Other Information

Other Information is financial and non-financial information in the Scheme's annual reporting which is provided in addition to the Financial Report and the Auditor's Report. The Directors of IOOF Investment Services Limited (the Responsible Entity) are responsible for the Other Information.

Our opinion on the Financial Report does not cover the Other Information and, accordingly, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Report, our responsibility is to read the Other Information.



In doing so, we consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We are required to report if we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information, and based on the work we have performed on the Other Information that we obtained prior to the date of this Auditor's Report we have nothing to report.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The Directors of IOOF Investment Services Limited (the Responsible Entity) are responsible for:

- preparing the Financial Report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with *Australian Accounting Standards* and the *Corporations Act 2001*;
- implementing necessary internal control to enable the preparation of a Financial Report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- assessing the Scheme's ability to continue as a going concern and whether the use of the going concern basis of accounting is appropriate. This includes disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Scheme or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report

Our objective is:

- to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. They are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this Financial Report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar4.pdf. This description forms part of our Auditor's Report.

KPMG

David Kells

Partner

Sydney

27 September 2021

**IOOF CASH MANAGEMENT TRUST
DIRECTORS' DECLARATION
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

The Directors of IOOF Investment Services Limited, the Responsible Entity of the IOOF Cash Management Trust ('the Scheme') declare that:

- (a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 13 to 38 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*; and
 - (ii) giving a true and fair view of the Scheme's financial position as at 30 June 2021 and of its performance for the year ended on that date;
- (b) the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 2(a) Basis of preparation; and
- (c) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Scheme will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors of IOOF Investment Services Limited.

On behalf of the Directors,



Ms D.G Allen
Director

Melbourne, 27 September 2021

**IOOF CASH MANAGEMENT TRUST
STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

	Note	Year ended	
		30 June 2021	30 June 2020
		\$	\$
<u>Investment Income</u>			
Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost	3	10,949,102	33,752,340
Interest income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	4	5,575,645	13,485,508
Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss		(1,385,483)	(2,818,493)
Other income		-	8
Total investment income/(loss)		15,139,264	44,419,363
<u>Expenses</u>			
Responsible Entity fees	5	2,212,779	3,850,637
Scheme expenses		2,842	4,832
Total operating expenses		2,215,621	3,855,469
Operating profit/(loss)		12,923,643	40,563,894
Distributions to unitholders	6	(12,918,195)	(40,425,652)
Transfers (to)/from net assets attributable to unitholders	7	(5,448)	(138,242)
Total Comprehensive Income for the year		-	-

The above Statement of Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

**IOOF CASH MANAGEMENT TRUST
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 30 JUNE 2021**

	Note	30 June 2021 \$	30 June 2020 \$
<u>Assets</u>			
Cash and cash equivalents		1,484,609,776	2,306,908,938
Receivables		548,352	3,130,870
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	8	533,398,685	654,205,701
Financial assets held at amortised cost	9	<u>256,061,438</u>	<u>397,330,319</u>
Total assets		<u>2,274,618,251</u>	<u>3,361,575,828</u>
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Distributions payable		471,265	1,744,672
Other payables		<u>776,834</u>	<u>5,160,128</u>
Total liabilities		<u>1,248,099</u>	<u>6,904,800</u>
Net assets attributable to unitholders (liability)	7	<u>2,273,370,152</u>	<u>3,354,671,028</u>

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

**IOOF CASH MANAGEMENT TRUST
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

Under AASB 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation*, net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as a liability rather than equity. As a result there was no equity at the start or end of the year and no items in equity have been presented for the current or comparative year.

Changes in net assets attributable to unitholders are disclosed in Note 7 Net assets attributable to unitholders.

The above Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

**IOOF CASH MANAGEMENT TRUST
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

	Note	Year ended	
		30 June 2021	30 June 2020
		\$ Inflows / (Outflows)	\$ Inflows / (Outflows)
Cash flows from operating activities			
Proceeds from the sale of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss		2,759,188,334	3,192,900,485
Payments for the purchase of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss		(2,498,497,920)	(2,746,455,954)
Interest received		19,062,309	52,761,139
Other income received		-	8
Operating expenses paid		<u>(2,396,212)</u>	<u>(3,850,447)</u>
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	13(a)	<u>277,356,511</u>	<u>495,355,231</u>
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from application of units		3,473,560,388	2,646,523,239
Payments for redemption of units		(4,569,791,639)	(2,387,747,584)
Distributions paid		<u>(3,424,422)</u>	<u>(11,411,528)</u>
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities		<u>(1,099,655,673)</u>	<u>247,364,127</u>
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(822,299,162)	742,719,358
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		<u>2,306,908,938</u>	<u>1,564,189,580</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year		<u>1,484,609,776</u>	<u>2,306,908,938</u>

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

**IOOF CASH MANAGEMENT TRUST
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

NOTE 1: GENERAL INFORMATION

This financial report covers IOOF Cash Management Trust ('the Scheme') as an individual entity. The Scheme is a registered managed investment scheme under the *Corporations Act 2001*. The Scheme commenced operations on 30 September 1999. The Scheme will terminate on 29 September 2079 unless terminated earlier in accordance with the provisions of the Scheme's Constitution.

The Responsible Entity of the Scheme is IOOF Investment Services Limited. The Responsible Entity's registered office is Level 6, 161 Collins Street, Melbourne, Victoria, 3000. The Responsible Entity's ABN number is 80 007 350 405.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Directors on 27 September 2021. The Directors of the Responsible Entity have the power to amend and reissue the financial report as considered necessary under the Scheme's Constitution.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of this financial report are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied for all years presented, unless otherwise stated in the following text:

(a) Basis of preparation

The financial report is a general purpose financial report for the year ended 30 June 2021 which has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (AASBs) adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the *Corporations Act 2001*. The financial report of the Scheme complies with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and interpretations adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

The Statement of Financial Position is prepared on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and are not distinguished between current and non-current. All balances are generally expected to be recovered or settled within twelve months, except for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and net assets attributable to unitholders.

(b) Financial instruments

(i) Recognition, derecognition and initial measurement

The Scheme initially recognises financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss on the trade date, which is the date on which the Scheme becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Other financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised on the date on which they are originated.

**IOOF CASH MANAGEMENT TRUST
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(b) Financial instruments (Continued)

(ii) Classification and subsequent measurement

On initial recognition, the Scheme classifies financial assets as measured at amortised cost or fair value through profit or loss.

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at fair value through profit or loss:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest.

All other financial assets of the Scheme are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Business model assessment

In making an assessment of the objective of the business model in which a financial asset is held, the Scheme considers all of the relevant information about how the business is managed, including:

- the documented investment strategy and the execution of this strategy in practice. This includes whether the investment strategy focuses on earning contractual interest income, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of any related liabilities or expected cash outflows or realising cash flows through the sale of the assets;
- how the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the Scheme's management;
- the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how those risks are managed;
- how the investment manager is compensated: e.g. whether compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or the contractual cash flows collected; and
- the frequency, volume and timing of sales of financial assets in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and expectations about future sales activity.

The Scheme has determined that it has two business models.

- **Held to collect business model:** this includes cash and cash equivalents, term deposits, balances due from brokers and receivables from reverse sale and repurchase agreements. These financial assets are held to collect contractual cash flow.
- **Other business model:** this includes debt securities, equity investments, investments in unlisted open-ended investment schemes, unlisted private equities and derivatives. These financial assets are managed and their performance is evaluated, on a fair value basis, with frequent sales taking place.

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Scheme were to change its business model for managing financial assets, in which case all affected financial assets would be reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model.

**IOOF CASH MANAGEMENT TRUST
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(b) Financial instruments (Continued)

Subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised as net gains/(losses) on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss' in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Debt securities, equity investments, investments in unlisted open ended investment schemes, unlisted private equities and derivative financial instruments are included in this category.

Financial assets at amortised cost

These assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest income is recognised in 'interest income from financial assets at amortised cost', foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in 'net foreign exchange loss' and impairment is recognised in 'impairment losses on financial instruments' in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognised in profit or loss.

Cash and cash equivalents, balances due from brokers, term deposit and receivables from reverse sale and repurchase agreements are included in this category.

Financial liabilities – Classification, subsequent measurement and gains and losses

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortised cost or fair value through profit and loss.

A financial liability is classified as at fair value through profit and loss if it is classified as held for trading, it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognised in profit or loss.

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss:

- Held for trading: securities sold short and derivative financial instruments.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost:

- This includes balances due to brokers, payables under sale and repurchase agreements and redeemable shares.

(iii) Fair value measurement

'Fair value' is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Scheme has access at that date. The fair value of a liability reflects its non-performance risk.

When available, the Scheme measures the fair value of an instrument using the quoted price in an active market for that instrument. A market is regarded as active if transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The Scheme measures instruments quoted in an active market at a bid price, because this price provides a reasonable approximation of the exit price.

If there is no quoted price in an active market, then the Scheme uses valuation techniques that maximise the use of relevant observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs. The chosen valuation technique incorporates all of the factors that market participants would take into account in pricing a transaction.

The Scheme recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

The following represent the basis for valuation of financial assets and liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss for financial reporting purposes:

Money Market Securities

Money Market Securities are fair valued using quoted 'bid' prices from an exchange, as at the close of business on the day the securities have been traded.

**IOOF CASH MANAGEMENT TRUST
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(c) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the Scheme's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the 'functional currency'). This is the Australian dollar, which reflects the currency of the economy in which the Scheme competes for funds and is regulated. The Australian dollar is also the Scheme's presentation currency.

(d) Net assets attributable to unitholders

Units are redeemable at the unitholders' option, however, applications and redemptions may be suspended by the Responsible Entity if it is in the best interests of the unitholders.

The units can be put back to the Scheme at any time for cash based on the redemption price, which is equal to a proportionate share of the Scheme's net asset value attributable to the unitholders.

The units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at balance sheet date if the holder exercises the right to put the units back to the Scheme. This amount represents the expected cash flows on redemption of these units.

Units are classified as equity when they satisfy the following criteria under AASB 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation*,

- the puttable financial instrument entitles the holder to a pro-rata share of net assets in the event of the Scheme's liquidation;
- the puttable financial instrument is in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments and class features are identical;
- the puttable financial instrument does not include any contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset, or to exchange financial instruments with another entity under potentially unfavourable conditions to the Scheme, and it is not a contract settled in the Scheme's own equity instruments; and
- the total expected cash flows attributable to the puttable financial instrument over the life are based substantially on the profit or loss.

(e) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises current deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and are held for the purpose of meeting short term cash commitments rather than investment or other purposes. Bank overdrafts are shown in current liabilities on the Statement of Financial Position, but are included within cash and cash equivalents for cash flow purposes.

IOOF CASH MANAGEMENT TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(f) Investment income and expenses

Interest income and expense from financial assets at amortised cost is calculated on an effective interest basis and includes interest from cash and cash equivalents and interest from term deposits. The 'effective interest rate' is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument to:

- the gross carrying amount of the financial asset; or
- the amortised cost of the financial liability.

In calculating interest income and expense, the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the asset (when the asset is not credit-impaired) or to the amortised cost of the liability. However, for financial assets that have become credit-impaired subsequent to initial recognition, interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset. If the asset is no longer credit-impaired, then the calculation of interest income reverts to the gross basis.

Interest income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is determined based on the contractual coupon interest rate and includes interest from debt securities.

Dividend income relating to exchange-traded equity instruments is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income on the ex-dividend date with any related foreign withholding tax recorded as an expense. Dividends declared on securities sold short is accrued on the ex-dividend date and are recognised as a dividend in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Income distributions from private equity investments and other managed investment schemes are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income as trust distribution income when declared.

In some cases, the Scheme may receive or choose to receive dividends or distributions in the form of additional shares/units rather than cash. In such cases, the Scheme recognises the dividend or distribution income for the amount of the cash/dividend alternative with the corresponding debit treated as additional investments.

All expenses, including Responsible Entity fees and investment management fees, are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income on an accrual basis.

(g) Distributions

Distributions are payable as set out in the Scheme's Product Disclosure Statement. Distributions are determined by the Responsible Entity in accordance with the Scheme's Constitution and applicable tax legislation. Distributable income includes realised capital gains on the disposal of financial instruments held at fair value through profit and loss and those held for trading. Unrealised gains and losses on these instruments recognised in net income are transferred to net assets attributable to unitholders and are not assessable and distributable until realised. Capital losses are not distributed to unitholders but are retained in the Scheme to be offset against future realised capital gains. If capital gains exceed realised capital losses, the excess is distributed to unitholders.

The benefits of imputation credits and foreign taxes paid are passed on to unitholders.

The Scheme currently incurs withholding tax imposed by certain countries on investment income. Income that is subject to such tax is recognised gross of the taxes and the corresponding withholding tax is recognised as tax expense.

(h) Receivables

Receivables may include amounts for dividends, interest and trust distributions. Dividends and trust distributions are accrued when the right to receive payment is established. Interest is accrued at the reporting date from the time of last payment in accordance with the policy set out in Note 2(f) Investment income and expense. Amounts are generally received within 30 days of being recorded as receivables.

Amounts due from brokers which represent receivables that have been contracted for but not yet delivered by the end of the year are included in receivables. Trades are recorded on trade date and normally settled within two business days. Amounts are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost. At each reporting date, the Scheme shall measure the loss allowance on receivables at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses subject to a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If, at the reporting date, the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the loss allowance is measured on a 12-month expected credit loss basis. Significant financial difficulties of the broker, probability that the broker will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default in payments are considered indicators that a loss allowance should be recognised. A significant increase in credit risk is defined by management as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due. Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit impaired.

The amount of the impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss within other expenses. When a trade receivable for which an impairment allowance had been recognised becomes uncollectable in a subsequent period, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against other expenses in profit or loss.

**IOOF CASH MANAGEMENT TRUST
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(i) Payables

Payables includes liabilities and accrued expenses owing by the Scheme which are unpaid as at the reporting date. Amounts due to brokers which represents payables for securities purchased that are unsettled at reporting date are included in payables.

The distribution amount payable to unitholders as at the reporting date is recognised separately on the Statement of Financial Position as unitholders are presently entitled to the distributable income as at 30 June 2021 under the Scheme's Constitution.

(j) Applications and redemptions

Applications received for units in the Scheme are recorded net of any entry fees payable prior to the issue of units in the Scheme.

All redeemable units issued by the Scheme provide the investors with the right to require redemption for cash and give rise to a financial liability. In accordance with the Product Disclosure Statement, the Scheme is contractually obliged to redeem units at redemption price, which includes an allowance for transaction costs that would be incurred by the Scheme on disposal of its assets required to fund the redemptions. As a result of the transaction cost factor, there will be a difference between the carrying amount of the net assets of the Scheme (excluding the unitholders' funds classified as a financial liability) and the contractual amount payable to unitholders, which is based on the redemption price.

(k) Unit prices

The unit price is based on unit price accounting outlined in the Scheme's Constitution and Product Disclosure Statement.

(l) Goods and services tax (GST)

Management fees, custodial fees and other expenses are recognised net of the amount of GST recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO) as a reduced input tax credit (RITC). Payables are stated with the amount of GST included. The net amount of GST recoverable from the ATO is included in receivables in the Statement of Financial Position. Cash flows relating to GST are included in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis.

(m) Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis and, revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

For the majority of the Scheme's financial instruments, quoted market prices are readily available. However, certain financial instruments, for example, over-the-counter derivatives or unquoted securities are fair valued using other valuation techniques. Where valuation techniques (for example, pricing models) are used to determine fair values, they are validated and periodically reviewed by experienced personnel of the Responsible Entity, independent of the area that created them.

Where investments are held at Level 3, models use observable market data, to the extent practicable. However, areas such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), volatilities and correlations require management to make estimates. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

For certain other financial instruments, including amounts due from/to brokers and accounts payable, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the immediate or short-term nature of these financial instruments.

Note 10 Financial Instruments contains information about the estimation of fair values of financial instruments.

(n) Margin accounts

Margin accounts comprise cash held as collateral for derivative transactions. The cash is held by the broker and is only available to meet margin calls.

**IOOF CASH MANAGEMENT TRUST
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(o) Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the Statement of Financial Position when, and only when, the Scheme has a legal right to offset the amounts and it intends either to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Income and expenses are presented on a net basis only when permitted under AASBs, e.g. for gains and losses arising from a group of similar transactions, such as gains and losses from financial instruments at fair value through profit and loss.

(p) Changes in accounting policies

There were no changes in the accounting policies of the Scheme during the year.

(q) New and amended accounting standards adopted by the Scheme

There are no standards, interpretations or amendments to existing standards that are effective for the first time for the financial year commencing on 1 July 2020 that have a material impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods or will affect the current or future periods.

(r) New standards and interpretations not yet effective

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for the 30 June 2021 reporting period and have not been early adopted by the Scheme. None of these are expected to have a material impact on the financial statements of the Scheme.

NOTE 3: INTEREST INCOME FROM FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTISED COST

	Year ended	
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	\$	\$
Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost		
Cash and cash equivalents	9,856,794	22,993,044
Term deposits	<u>1,092,308</u>	<u>10,759,296</u>
Total Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost	<u><u>10,949,102</u></u>	<u><u>33,752,340</u></u>

NOTE 4: INTEREST INCOME FROM FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT AND LOSS

	Year ended	
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	\$	\$
Interest income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
Interest bearing securities	<u>5,575,645</u>	<u>13,485,508</u>
Total Interest income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	<u><u>5,575,645</u></u>	<u><u>13,485,508</u></u>

**IOOF CASH MANAGEMENT TRUST
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

NOTE 5: RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Responsible Entity

The Responsible Entity of the IOOF Cash Management Trust is IOOF Investment Services Limited.

On 29 November 2019, IOOF Investment Management Limited ("the former Responsible Entity") (ABN 53 006 695 021) was replaced by IOOF Investment Services Limited ("the Responsible Entity") (ABN 80 007 350 405) as the Responsible Entity for the Scheme.

The immediate parent entity and the ultimate controlling entity of IOOF Investment Services Limited is IOOF Holdings Ltd.

Key management personnel

Key management personnel include persons who are Directors of IOOF Investment Services Limited during the reporting period up to the date of this report:

Ms D.G Allen (Chairman)

Ms M.A Nunan

Mr J. Selak

Responsible Entity fees and other transactions

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	\$	\$
Responsible Entity fees IOOF Investment Services Limited	2,212,779	2,194,939
Responsible Entity fees IOOF Investment Management Limited	<u>-</u>	<u>1,655,698</u>
Total Responsible Entity Fees	<u>2,212,779</u>	<u>3,850,637</u>
Responsible Entity fees payable	119,379	344,925

Under the terms of the Scheme's Constitution, the Responsible Entity is entitled to receive a maximum management fees of 1.50% of average daily net asset value per annum. The management fee charged by the Responsible Entity for the year was Nil% per annum (2020: Nil%).

All related party transactions are conducted on normal commercial terms and conditions.

**IOOF CASH MANAGEMENT TRUST
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

NOTE 5: RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (Continued)

Related party Scheme's unitholdings

IOOF Investment Services Limited, its related parties and other schemes managed by IOOF Investment Services Limited, held units in the Scheme as follows:

30 June 2021	Unitholder	Number of units held opening No.	Number of units held closing No.	Interest held %	Number of units acquired No.	Number of units disposed No.	Distributions paid/payable by the Scheme \$
	AET Cash Deposit Fund	499,523,335	-	-	120,000,000	619,523,335	1,812,819
	ANZ Australian Cash Fund	-	1,112,817,637	48.95	3,697,817,637	2,585,000,000	3,121,166
	IOOF Balanced Investor Trust	79,169,912	81,692,174	3.60	19,071,836	16,549,574	396,249
	IOOF Cash Fund	9,925,082	9,855,686	0.43	184,715	254,111	16,636
	IOOF Income Trust	914,368	95,043	0.01	6,980,675	7,800,000	10,287
	IOOF MultiSeries 30	55,371,186	87,831,028	3.86	71,592,079	39,132,237	322,642
	IOOF MultiSeries 50	61,521,430	121,352,063	5.34	140,320,210	80,489,577	337,378
	IOOF MultiSeries 70	49,905,710	64,378,686	2.83	102,558,079	88,085,103	210,973
	IOOF MultiSeries 90	1,853,343	6,144,621	0.27	18,013,322	13,722,044	7,683
	IOOF Portfolio Service Superannuation Fund *	646,135,636	340,475,300	14.98	313,206,304	618,866,640	577,547
	IOOF WealthBuilder Cash Management – IOOF	20,308,236	16,738,798	0.74	6,142,135	9,711,573	34,680
	MultiMix Wholesale Alternative Debt Trust	37,142	8,594,754	0.38	8,557,612	-	6,046
	MultiMix Wholesale Alternative Equity Trust	651,999	22,825,623	1.00	42,173,624	20,000,000	44,820
	MultiMix Wholesale Australian Shares Trust	50,559,234	6,348,997	0.28	65,041,868	109,252,105	177,864
	MultiMix Wholesale Cash Enhanced Trust	72,383,452	37,794,559	1.66	82,153,782	116,742,675	314,013
	MultiMix Wholesale Defensive Equities Trust	2,707,714	646,646	0.03	11,121	2,072,189	9,637
	MultiMix Wholesale Diversified Fixed Interest Trust	39,155	23,834,104	1.05	134,594,949	110,800,000	33,277
	MultiSeries Wholesale Australian Shares Trust	15,769,395	5,332,809	0.23	26,407,628	36,844,214	64,805
	MultiSeries Wholesale Fixed Income Trust	236,641	8,107,130	0.36	192,600,489	184,730,000	36,648
	Profile 45	1,792,874	1,816,108	0.08	67,815	44,581	3,047
	Profile 55	27,305,075	23,778,365	1.05	940,258	4,466,968	43,467
	Profile 75	1,920,309	1,672,269	0.07	181,452	429,492	3,099
	Profile 85	8,410,289	7,846,772	0.35	389,117	952,634	13,537
	Strategic Cash Plus Fund	252,946,949	238,391,233	10.49	31,000,284	45,556,000	1,192,844
	The Cash Management Fund	1,444,536,810	-	-	203,643,300	1,648,180,110	4,048,030

**IOOF CASH MANAGEMENT TRUST
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

NOTE 5: RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (Continued)

30 June 2020		Number of units held opening No.	Number of units held closing No.	Interest held %	Number of units acquired No.	Number of units disposed No.	Distributions paid/payable by the Scheme \$
	Unitholder						
	AET Cash Deposit Fund	519,523,335	499,523,335	14.89	160,000,000	180,000,000	7,163,623
	IOOF Balanced Investor Trust	115,742,984	79,169,912	2.36	51,688,280	88,261,352	1,504,492
	IOOF Cash Fund	10,432,562	9,925,082	0.30	575,997	1,083,477	101,504
	IOOF Income Trust	107,052	914,368	0.03	10,907,316	10,100,000	7,534
	IOOF MultiSeries 30	30,173,611	55,371,186	1.65	42,310,121	17,112,546	539,469
	IOOF MultiSeries 50	43,456,116	61,521,430	1.83	63,026,188	44,960,874	618,096
	IOOF MultiSeries 70	51,146,151	49,905,710	1.49	108,357,756	109,598,197	509,741
	IOOF MultiSeries 90	2,605,845	1,853,343	0.06	6,857,349	7,609,851	16,673
	IOOF Portfolio Service Superannuation Fund *	577,203,146	646,135,636	19.26	489,093,976	420,161,486	4,231,395
	IOOF WealthBuilder Cash Management – IOOF	13,237,803	20,308,236	0.61	11,870,606	4,800,173	159,339
	MultiMix Wholesale Alternative Debt Trust	3,998,757	37,142	-	56,912	4,018,527	50,427
	MultiMix Wholesale Alternative Equity Trust	31,392,482	651,999	0.02	459,517	31,200,000	412,524
	MultiMix Wholesale Australian Shares Trust	391,174	50,559,234	1.51	182,899,360	132,731,300	341,249
	MultiMix Wholesale Cash Enhanced Trust	194,626,257	72,383,452	2.16	153,521,497	275,764,302	2,303,559
	MultiMix Wholesale Defensive Equities Trust	-	2,707,714	0.08	2,707,714	-	2,730
	MultiMix Wholesale Diversified Fixed Interest Trust	-	39,155	-	69,539,155	69,500,000	39,359
	MultiSeries Wholesale Australian Shares Trust	-	15,769,395	0.47	22,170,241	6,400,846	21,905
	MultiSeries Wholesale Fixed Income Trust	-	236,641	0.01	38,236,641	38,000,000	6,785
	Profile 45	2,857,610	1,792,874	0.05	26,898	1,091,634	23,004
	Profile 55	48,100,922	27,305,075	0.81	1,203,470	21,999,317	387,001
	Profile 75	2,738,875	1,920,309	0.06	27,410	845,976	23,736
	Profile 85	13,031,450	8,410,289	0.25	289,820	4,910,981	109,987
	Strategic Cash Plus Fund	289,516,854	252,946,949	7.54	33,975,095	70,545,000	3,882,256
	The Cash Management Fund	1,090,111,303	1,444,536,810	43.06	1,193,744,905	839,319,398	17,638,527

* The information for number of units acquired and disposed shown on this note is sourced from the underlying administration system in IOOF Portfolio Service. These amounts represent the movement in ultimate beneficiary interests in the Scheme and not the movement in units between the Scheme and IOOF Portfolio Service.

**IOOF CASH MANAGEMENT TRUST
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

NOTE 5: RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (Continued)

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel are remunerated by IOOF Service Co Pty Ltd, a related party of IOOF Investment Services Limited. Payments made from the Scheme to IOOF Investment Services Limited do not include any amount that is directly attributable to key management personnel remuneration.

Key management personnel loan disclosures

The Scheme has not made, guaranteed or secured, directly or indirectly, any loans to the key management personnel or their personally related parties at any time during the reporting period.

Other transactions within the Scheme

Apart from those details disclosed in this Note, no key management personnel have entered into a material contract with the Scheme since the end of the previous financial year and there were no material contracts involving Directors interests subsisting at year end.

Key Management Personnel Unitholdings

As at 30 June 2021 and 30 June 2020, no Directors of the Responsible Entity held units in the Scheme.

**IOOF CASH MANAGEMENT TRUST
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

NOTE 6: DISTRIBUTIONS PAID AND PAYABLE

The distributions were paid/payable as follows:

	Year ended			
	30 June 2021		30 June 2020	
	\$	Annualised Rate %	\$	Annualised Rate %
Class A				
31 July paid	47,828	0.31	186,017	1.75
31 August paid	42,158	0.39	161,519	1.87
30 September paid	33,412	0.32	133,362	1.34
31 October paid	37,161	0.35	122,838	0.73
30 November paid	16,808	0.29	120,709	1.15
31 December paid	11,648	0.13	110,715	1.22
31 January paid	11,108	0.13	118,045	1.22
28 February paid	15,381	0.29	112,937	2.63
31 March paid	10,728	0.06	109,084	1.10
30 April paid	5,146	0.08	65,117	0.82
31 May paid	1,194	0.07	52,842	0.52
30 June final payable	76	0.19	46,129	0.60
	<u>232,648</u>	<u>2.61</u>	<u>1,339,314</u>	<u>14.95</u>

	Year ended			
	30 June 2021		30 June 2020	
	\$	Annualised Rate %	\$	Annualised Rate %
Class B				
31 July paid	-	-	252,626	1.11
31 August paid	-	-	233,234	1.23
30 September paid	-	-	170,090	0.70
31 October paid	-	-	132,849	0.09
30 November paid	-	-	115,233	0.51
31 December paid	-	-	89,969	0.58
31 January paid	-	-	111,480	0.58
28 February paid	-	-	119,121	1.99
31 March paid	-	-	96,312	0.46
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,320,914</u>	<u>7.25</u>

	Year ended			
	30 June 2021		30 June 2020	
	\$	Annualised Rate %	\$	Annualised Rate %
Class C				
31 July paid	1,638,882	0.61	4,104,626	2.05
31 August paid	1,629,559	0.69	4,014,988	2.17
30 September paid	1,397,525	0.62	3,477,457	1.64
31 October paid	1,679,301	0.65	3,375,696	1.03
30 November paid	1,309,932	0.59	3,359,392	1.45
31 December paid	754,576	0.43	2,954,207	1.52
31 January paid	750,330	0.43	2,935,572	1.52
28 February paid	835,632	0.59	2,866,162	2.93
31 March paid	629,931	0.36	2,700,609	1.40
30 April paid	510,423	0.38	1,893,512	1.12
31 May paid	539,889	0.37	1,768,013	0.82
30 June final payable	471,195	0.49	1,608,719	0.90
	<u>12,147,175</u>	<u>6.21</u>	<u>35,058,953</u>	<u>18.55</u>

**IOOF CASH MANAGEMENT TRUST
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

	Year ended			
	30 June 2021		30 June 2020	
	\$	CPU	\$	CPU
Class D				
31 July paid	105,990	0.03	365,022	0.14
31 August paid	98,839	0.03	324,020	0.12
30 September paid	79,716	0.02	244,145	0.09
31 October paid	90,877	0.03	244,406	0.09
30 November paid	35,348	0.01	238,942	0.09
31 December paid	26,925	0.01	239,762	0.09
31 January paid	31,372	0.01	244,720	0.09
28 February paid	38,576	0.01	241,597	0.09
31 March paid	19,922	0.01	224,768	0.08
30 April paid	10,807	0.01	135,467	0.05
31 May paid	-	-	113,797	0.04
30 June final payable	-	-	89,825	0.03
	<u>538,372</u>	<u>0.17</u>	<u>2,706,471</u>	<u>1.00</u>

**IOOF CASH MANAGEMENT TRUST
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

NOTE 7: NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS

Movements in number of units and net assets attributable to unitholders during the year were as follows:

	30 June 2021		30 June 2020	
	No. of units	\$	No. of units	\$
Class A				
Opening balance	128,018,554	128,021,639	132,824,646	132,829,064
Applications	51,316,685	51,316,685	38,333,348	38,333,348
Redemptions	(69,101,694)	(69,101,694)	(43,139,440)	(43,139,440)
Total comprehensive income	-	(4,118)	-	(1,333)
Closing balance	<u>110,233,545</u>	<u>110,232,512</u>	<u>128,018,554</u>	<u>128,021,639</u>

	30 June 2021		30 June 2020	
	No. of units	\$	No. of units	\$
Class B				
Opening balance	341,795,359	341,794,661	290,742,886	290,740,292
Applications	103,652,782	103,652,782	338,834,502	338,834,502
Reinvested distributions	-	-	1,616,829	1,616,830
Redemptions	(445,448,141)	(445,448,141)	(289,398,858)	(289,398,858)
Total comprehensive income	-	698	-	1,895
Closing balance	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>341,795,359</u>	<u>341,794,661</u>

	30 June 2021		30 June 2020	
	No. of units	\$	No. of units	\$
Class C				
Opening balance	2,588,127,776	2,588,135,800	2,372,791,927	2,372,815,128
Applications	4,951,908,139	4,951,908,139	2,110,477,103	2,110,477,103
Reinvested distributions	10,630,359	10,630,359	29,980,936	29,980,936
Redemptions	(5,724,479,159)	(5,724,479,159)	(1,925,122,190)	(1,925,122,190)
Total comprehensive income	-	(48,686)	-	(15,177)
Closing balance	<u>1,826,187,115</u>	<u>1,826,146,453</u>	<u>2,588,127,776</u>	<u>2,588,135,800</u>

	30 June 2021		30 June 2020	
	No. of units	\$	No. of units	\$
Class D				
Opening balance	296,892,813	296,718,928	269,690,550	269,377,940
Applications	219,582,719	219,496,752	163,392,695	163,325,356
Reinvested distributions	136,889	136,821	930,972	930,067
Redemptions	(179,488,611)	(179,418,868)	(137,121,404)	(137,067,292)
Total comprehensive income	-	57,554	-	152,857
Closing balance	<u>337,123,810</u>	<u>336,991,187</u>	<u>296,892,813</u>	<u>296,718,928</u>

As stipulated within the Scheme's Constitution, each unit represents a right to an individual share in the Scheme and does not extend to a right to the underlying assets of the Scheme. There are 4 separate classes of units and each unit has the same rights attached to it as all other units of the Scheme. Units are issued and redeemed at the unitholder's option at prices based on the value of the Scheme's net assets at the time of issue/redemption less transaction costs.

**IOOF CASH MANAGEMENT TRUST
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

NOTE 7: NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS (Continued)

Capital risk management

The Scheme manages its net assets attributable to unitholders (including distribution payable) as capital, notwithstanding net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as a liability. The amount of net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Scheme is subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders.

The Scheme monitors the level of daily applications and redemptions relative to the liquid assets in the Scheme. During the year, the Scheme's strategy, which was unchanged from last year, was to ensure that there was no significant exposure to illiquid or thinly traded financial instruments.

NOTE 8: FINANCIAL ASSETS HELD AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	\$	\$
Held at fair value through profit or loss		
Money market securities	<u>533,398,685</u>	<u>654,205,701</u>
Total held at fair value through profit or loss	<u>533,398,685</u>	<u>654,205,701</u>
Total financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	<u><u>533,398,685</u></u>	<u><u>654,205,701</u></u>
Comprising:		
Money market securities		
Discount securities	533,398,685	654,205,701
Total money market securities	<u>533,398,685</u>	<u>654,205,701</u>
Total financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	<u><u>533,398,685</u></u>	<u><u>654,205,701</u></u>

NOTE 9: FINANCIAL ASSETS HELD AT AMORTISED COST

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	\$	\$
Held at amortised cost		
Term deposits	<u>256,061,438</u>	<u>397,330,319</u>
Total held at amortised cost	<u>256,061,438</u>	<u>397,330,319</u>
Total financial assets held at amortised cost	<u><u>256,061,438</u></u>	<u><u>397,330,319</u></u>
Comprising:		
Term deposit		
Term deposit	<u>256,061,438</u>	<u>397,330,319</u>
Total term deposits	<u>256,061,438</u>	<u>397,330,319</u>
Total financial assets held at amortised cost	<u><u>256,061,438</u></u>	<u><u>397,330,319</u></u>

**IOOF CASH MANAGEMENT TRUST
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

NOTE 10: FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Carrying amount versus fair values

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities approximates their carrying amounts in the Statement of Financial Position.

Fair value hierarchy

The Scheme's accounting policy on fair value measurements is discussed in Note 2 Summary of significant accounting policies.

The Scheme measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Scheme can access at measurement date.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: inputs not based on observable data and the unobservable inputs have a significant effect on the instruments valuation.

The table below analyses financial instruments measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorised:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
30 June 2021				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:				
Discount securities	-	<u>533,398,685</u>	-	<u>533,398,685</u>
	<u>-</u>	<u>533,398,685</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>533,398,685</u>
30 June 2020				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:				
Discount securities	-	<u>654,205,701</u>	-	<u>654,205,701</u>
	<u>-</u>	<u>654,205,701</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>654,205,701</u>

The valuation of unlisted unit trusts included in Level 2 is based on the daily net asset value of the managed investment scheme provided by the investment manager.

The Scheme recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy as of the end of the reporting period during which the transfer has occurred. There were no transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy during the year ended 30 June 2021 and 30 June 2020.

IOOF CASH MANAGEMENT TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

NOTE 11: DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

In the normal course of business, the Scheme may enter into transactions in various derivative financial instruments. A derivative is a financial instrument or other contract which is settled at a future date and whose value changes in response to the change in a specified interest rate, financial instrument price, commodity price, foreign exchange rate, index of prices or rates, credit rating or credit index or other variables.

Derivative financial instruments require no initial net investment or an initial net investment that is smaller than would be required for other types of contracts that would be expected to have similar responses to changes in market factors.

Derivative transactions include a wide assortment of instruments, such as forwards, futures, interest rate swaps and options. Derivatives are considered to be part of the investment process. The use of derivatives is an essential part of the Scheme's portfolio management. Derivatives are not managed in isolation. Consequently, the use of derivatives is multifaceted and includes:

- a substitution for trading of physical securities; and
- adjusting asset exposures within the parameters set in the investment strategy, and adjusting the duration of fixed interest portfolios or the weighted average maturity of cash portfolios.

While derivatives are used for trading purposes, they are not used to gear (leverage) a portfolio. Gearing a portfolio occurs if the level of exposure to the markets exceeds the underlying value of the Scheme.

As at 31 June 2021 and 30 June 2020, the Scheme did not hold any derivative financial instruments.

NOTE 12: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Strategy in using financial instruments

The Scheme is exposed to a variety of financial risks: credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk (including price risk and interest rate risk) arising from the financial instruments it holds.

As a result of the economic downturn and more specifically COVID-19, the Scheme increased its overall risk management practices. The Scheme incorporated a greater focus on asset allocation and increased its monitoring of liquidity. This was achieved via expanded supervision and reporting of member/unitholder redemptions to avoid any significant volatility in cashflows.

The Scheme's overall risk management program focuses on ensuring compliance with the Scheme's governing documents and seeks to maximise the returns derived for the level of risk to which the Scheme is exposed. As part of their risk management strategy, the Scheme may also utilise a range of derivative financial instruments to manage certain risk exposures.

The Responsible Entity via the Investment Manager assesses the risk profile before entering into economic hedge transactions. The effectiveness of all hedge relationships is monitored by the Investment Manager (based on economic consideration rather than IFRS hedge accounting conditions) on a daily basis.

More details about risk management policies employed by the Scheme to manage financial risks are discussed below.

**IOOF CASH MANAGEMENT TRUST
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

NOTE 12 : FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Scheme, resulting in a financial loss to the Scheme.

The Scheme is exposed to concentrations of risk when a number of financial instruments or contracts are entered into with the same counterparty, or where a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographic region, or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions.

Concentrations of credit risk are minimised primarily by:

- ensuring counterparties, together with the respective credit limits, are approved; and
- ensuring that transactions are undertaken with a large number of counterparties (either directly or indirectly).

The Scheme's Responsible Entity via the Investment Manager also manages credit risk by ensuring that a diversified portfolio of securities is held and that the Scheme does not invest in securities that are considered to be rated sub investment grade by a recognised rating agency.

The Scheme has a concentrations of credit risk exposure to counterparties in the banking sector. The total exposure to the banking sector is \$789,460,123 (2020: \$1,051,536,020). Counterparties individually greater than 10% of the total Scheme assets amounted to \$ Nil (2020: \$355,527,971) .

As at 30 June 2021 and 30 June 2020, there are no financial assets that are past due or impaired, or would otherwise be past due or impaired except for the terms having been renegotiated.

The Scheme determines credit risk and measures expected credit losses for financial assets measured at amortised cost using probability of default, exposure at default and loss given default. Management considers both historical analysis and forward looking information in determining any expected credit loss. At 30 June 2021 and 30 June 2020, all receivables, amounts due from brokers, cash and short-term deposits are held with counterparties and are either callable on demand or due to be settled within 1 week. Management considers the probability of default to be close to zero as these instruments have a low risk of default and the counterparties have a strong capacity to meet their contractual obligations in the near term. As a result, no loss allowance has been recognised based on 12-month expected credit losses as any such impairment would be wholly insignificant to the Scheme.

The credit quality of financial assets is managed by the Scheme using Standard and Poor's rating categories, in accordance with the investment mandate of the Scheme. The Scheme's exposure in each grade is monitored on a continuous basis. The review process allows the Responsible Entity to assess the potential loss as a result of risks and take corrective action. The table below shows the credit quality of the Scheme's debt securities.

Portfolio by rating category

Rating	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	%	%
A1	44.17	55.75
A1+	-	11.43
A2	27.32	29.25
NR	<u>28.51</u>	<u>3.57</u>
Total description	<u>100.00</u>	<u>100.00</u>

In accordance with the Scheme's policy, the Responsible Entity via the Investment Manager monitors the Scheme's credit position on a continuous basis.

Liquidity and cash flow risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Scheme will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations arising from its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset, or that such obligations will have to be settled in a manner disadvantageous to the Scheme. Cash flow risk is the risk that the future cash flows derived from holding financial instruments will fluctuate.

The risk management guidelines adopted are designed to minimise liquidity and cash flow risk through:

- ensuring that there is no significant exposure to illiquid or thinly traded financial instruments; and
- applying limits to ensure there is no concentration of liquidity risk to a particular counterparty or market.

In accordance with the Scheme's policy, the Responsible Entity via the Investment Manager monitors the Scheme's liquidity position on a continuous basis.

**IOOF CASH MANAGEMENT TRUST
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

NOTE 12 : FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The table below analyses the Scheme's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

30 June 2021	Less than 1 month \$	1-6 months \$	6-12 months \$	More than 12 months \$
Non-derivative liabilities				
Distributions payable	471,265	-	-	-
Other payables	776,834	-	-	-
Net assets attributable to unitholders	<u>2,273,370,152</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Contractual cashflows	<u>2,274,618,251</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
30 June 2020	Less than 1 month \$	1-6 months \$	6-12 months \$	More than 12 months \$
Non-derivative liabilities				
Distributions payable	1,744,672	-	-	-
Other payables	5,160,128	-	-	-
Net assets attributable to unitholders	<u>3,354,671,028</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Contractual cashflows	<u>3,361,575,828</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the changes in market price such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates, equity prices and credit spreads will affect the Scheme's income or the fair value of its holding of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

The Scheme's Responsible Entity via the Investment Manager aims to reduce market risk through analysis of the economic cycle and broad research of companies and markets, which may impact the Scheme's investments. In addition, the Responsible Entity, within asset allocation ranges, reduces exposure to sectors they perceive to be overvalued in favour of sectors which they believe have the prospect of better relative returns.

In accordance with the Scheme's policy, the Responsible Entity via the Investment Manager monitors the Scheme's market risk on a continuous basis.

Market risk is not considered to be significant to the Scheme except in relation to investments in equity securities, listed and unlisted unit trusts. This Scheme does not have investments in these securities at 30 June 2021 and 30 June 2020.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the Scheme's financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates.

The Responsible Entity via the Investment Manager establishes interest rate management strategies to manage the risk of the Scheme. This includes managing exposures around the benchmark and hedging exposures through the use of derivatives.

In accordance with the Scheme's policy, the Responsible Entity via the Investment Manager monitors the Scheme's overall interest sensitivity position on a continuous basis.

The interest rate risk disclosures have been prepared on the basis of the Scheme's direct investment and not on a look-through basis for investments held indirectly through unit trusts. Consequently, the disclosures of interest rate risk in the note may not represent the true interest rate risk profile of the Scheme where the Scheme has significant investments in unit trusts which also have exposure to the interest rate markets.

IOOF CASH MANAGEMENT TRUST
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

NOTE 12 : FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The table below summarises the Scheme's direct exposure to interest rate risks. It includes the Scheme's assets and trading liabilities at fair values, categorised by earlier of contractual re-pricing or maturity dates.

30 June 2021	Floating interest rate \$	Fixed interest rate			Non Interest bearing \$	Total \$
		Within 1 year \$	1 to 5 years \$	Over 5 years \$		
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	1,484,609,776	-	-	-	-	1,484,609,776
Receivables	-	-	-	-	548,352	548,352
Discount securities	-	533,398,685	-	-	-	533,398,685
Term deposit	-	256,061,438	-	-	-	256,061,438
Total assets	1,484,609,776	789,460,123	-	-	548,352	2,274,618,251
Liabilities						
Distributions payable	-	-	-	-	471,265	471,265
Other payables	-	-	-	-	776,834	776,834
Total liabilities	-	-	-	-	1,248,099	1,248,099
Net exposure	1,484,609,776	789,460,123	-	-	(699,747)	2,273,370,152
30 June 2020	Floating interest rate \$	Fixed interest rate			Non interest bearing \$	Total \$
		Within 1 year \$	1 to 5 years \$	Over 5 years \$		
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	2,306,908,938	-	-	-	-	2,306,908,938
Receivables	-	-	-	-	3,130,870	3,130,870
Discount securities	-	654,205,701	-	-	-	654,205,701
Term deposit	-	397,330,319	-	-	-	397,330,319
Total assets	2,306,908,938	1,051,536,020	-	-	3,130,870	3,361,575,828
Liabilities						
Distributions payable	-	-	-	-	1,744,672	1,744,672
Other payables	-	-	-	-	5,160,128	5,160,128
Total liabilities	-	-	-	-	6,904,800	6,904,800
Net exposure	2,306,908,938	1,051,536,020	-	-	(3,773,930)	3,354,671,028

The effect on the net assets attributable to unitholders and profit or loss due to a reasonably possible change in interest rates with all other variables held constant is indicated in the table below.

30 June 2021	Change in interest rate		Effect on net assets attributable to unitholders and profit or loss	
	Increase basis point	Decrease basis point	Decrease \$	Increase \$
Interest rates	50	(50)	1,248,262	(1,248,262)
30 June 2020	Change in interest rate		Effect on net assets attributable to unitholders and profit or loss	
	Increase basis point	Decrease basis point	Decrease \$	Increase \$
Interest rates	100	(100)	2,058,456	(2,058,456)

**IOOF CASH MANAGEMENT TRUST
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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NOTE 12 : FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The Scheme only holds cash for liquidity and transactional purposes and this cash is held at floating rates of interest. As a result, the Scheme is not subject to a material exposure to interest rate risks due to fluctuations in the levels of market interest rates.

NOTE 13: RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT/(LOSS) TO NET CASH INFLOW/(OUTFLOW) FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

(a) Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

	Year ended	
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	\$	\$
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	-
Net (gains)/losses on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	1,385,483	2,818,493
Increase/(decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders	5,448	138,242
Distributions to unitholders	12,918,195	40,425,652
Proceeds from the sale of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	2,759,188,334	3,192,900,485
Payments for the purchase of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	(2,498,497,920)	(2,746,455,954)
Decrease/(increase) in receivables	2,582,518	5,525,404
Increase/(decrease) in payables	<u>(225,547)</u>	<u>2,909</u>
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	<u><u>277,356,511</u></u>	<u><u>495,355,231</u></u>

(b) Non-cash financing and operating activities

Distributions re-invested	10,767,180	32,527,832
Proceeds from application for units	1,852,813,971	4,447,070
Payments for redemption of units	<u>(1,852,813,971)</u>	<u>(4,447,070)</u>
	<u><u>10,767,180</u></u>	<u><u>32,527,832</u></u>

Non-distributable income is included in net assets attributable to unitholders. The change in this amount each year (as reported in (b) above) represents a non-cash financing cost as it is not settled in cash until such time as it becomes distributable (i.e taxable).

NOTE 14: AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

	Year ended	
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	\$	\$
KPMG		
Audit services		
Audit and review of the financial reports	11,500	11,500
Other assurance services		
Other regulatory audit services	3,199	3,199
Ernst & Young		
Other assurance services		
Taxation services	<u>1,650</u>	<u>1,600</u>
Total audit fees paid	<u><u>16,349</u></u>	<u><u>16,299</u></u>

Auditors' remuneration is paid by the Responsible Entity.

**IOOF CASH MANAGEMENT TRUST
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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NOTE 15: INVOLVEMENT WITH UNCONSOLIDATED STRUCTURED ENTITIES

Investments in unlisted unit trusts, which are considered structured entities, are disclosed in Note 5 Related party disclosures . The maximum exposure to loss in the structured entities is the fair value disclosed in the Note 5 Related party disclosures. The fair value of the exposure will change on a daily basis throughout the period and in subsequent periods and will cease once the investments are disposed of.

The investments of the Scheme are managed in accordance with the investment mandates with the respective underlying Investment Managers. The investment decisions of the Scheme are based on the analysis conducted by the Investment Manager. The return of the Scheme is exposed to the variability of the performance of the underlying investment strategies. The underlying Investment Managers receive a management fee for undertaking the management of these investments.

As at 30 June 2021 and 30 June 2020, the Scheme has not imposed any significant restrictions (e.g. borrowing arrangements, regulatory requirements or contractual arrangements) on the ability of any unconsolidated structured entity to transfer funds to the Scheme in the form of dividends or to repay loans or advances made to any unconsolidated structured entity by the Scheme.

As at 30 June 2021 and 30 June 2020, the Scheme does not have any current commitments or intentions to provide financial or other support to any unconsolidated structured entity, including commitments or intentions to assist the structured entity in obtaining financial support.

NOTE 16: CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

There are no outstanding contingent assets, liabilities or capital commitments as at 30 June 2021 and 30 June 2020.

NOTE 17: LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS AND EXPECTED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The Schemes will continue to be managed in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the governing documents of the Schemes and in accordance with the provisions of the Schemes' Constitutions.

The results of the Schemes' operations will be affected by a number of factors, including the performance of markets in which the Schemes invest. Investment performance is not guaranteed and future returns may differ from past returns. As investment conditions change over time, past returns should not be used to predict future returns.

Further information on likely developments in the operation of the Schemes and the expected results of those operations have not been included in this report because the Responsible Entity believes it would be likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Schemes.

NOTE 18: EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO REPORTING DATE

No significant event has occurred since the end of the reporting period which would impact on the financial position of the Scheme disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2021 or on the results and cash flows of the Schemes for the year ended on that date.